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### **KbdCharIn**

## **Bindings**:

C:

```
typedef struct _KBDKEYINFO { /* kbci */
         chChar;
 UCHAR
                            /* ASCII character code */
                            /* Scan Code */
 UCHAR
          chScan;
 UCHAR fbStatus;
UCHAR bNlsShift;
                            /* State of the character */
                            /* Reserved (set to zero) */
 USHORT fsState;
                             /* State of the shift keys */
                             /* Time stamp of keystroke (ms since ipl) */
 ULONG
         time:
}KBDKEYINF0;
#define INCL KBD
USHORT rc = KbdCharIn(CharData, IOWait, KbdHandle);
PKBDKEYINFO
                              /* Buffer for data */
                CharData:
USH0RT
                IOWait;
                              /* Indicate if wait */
                KbdHandle;
HKBD
                              /* Keyboard handle */
USHORT
                rc;
                               /* return code */
```

#### Asm:

```
KBDKEYINFO struc
 kbci chChar
                db ? ; ASCII character code
 kbci chScan
                db ? ;Scan Code
 kbci fbStatus db ? ; State of the character
 kbci bNlsShift db ? ;Reserved (set to zero)
                dw ? ; state of the shift keys
 kbci fsState
 kbci time
                dd ? ;time stamp of keystroke (ms since ipl)
KBDKEYINFO ends
EXTRN KbdCharIn:FAR
INCL KBD
                   EQU 1
PUSH@ OTHER
              CharData
                            ;Buffer for data
PUSH
      WORD
              I0Wait
                           ; Indicate if wait
PUSH
      WORD
              KbdHandle
                            ;Keyboard handle
CALL
      KbdCharIn
Returns WORD
```

This call returns a character data record from the keyboard.

KbdCharIn (CharData, IOWait, KbdHandle)

CharData (PKBDKEYINFO) - output Address of the character data structure:

asciicharcode (UCHAR) ASCII character code. The scan code received from the keyboard is translated to the ASCII character code.

scancode (UCHAR) Code received from the keyboard. The scan code received from the keyboard is translated to the ASCII character code.

status (UCHAR) State of the keystroke event:

Bit	Description
7-6 00	= Undefined
01	= Final character, interim character flag off
10	= Interim character
11	= Final character, interim character flag on.
5 1	= Immediate conversion requested.
4-2	Reserved.
1 0	= Scan code is a character.
1	= Scan code is not a character; is an extended key code from the keyboard.
0 1	= Shift status returned without character.

reserved (UCHAR) NLS shift status. Reserved, set to zero.

shiftkeystat (USHORT) Shift key status.

Description
SysReq key down
CapsLock key down
NumLock key down
ScrollLock key down
Right Alt key down
Right Ctrl key down
Left Alt key down
Left Ctrl key down
Insert on
CapsLock on
NumLock on
ScrollLock on
Either Alt key down
Either Ctrl key down
Left Shift key down
Right Shift key down

time (ULONG) Time stamp indicating when a key was pressed. It is specified in milliseconds from the time the system was started.

IOWait (USHORT) - input Wait if a character is not available.

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Value	Definition
0	Requestor waits for a character if one is not available.
1	Requestor gets an immediate return if no character is available.

KbdHandle (HKBD) - input Default keyboard or the logical keyboard.

rc (USHORT) - return Return code descriptions are:

0	NO_ERROR
375	ERROR_KBD_INVALID_IOWAIT
439	ERROR_KBD_INVALID_HANDLE
445	ERROR_KBD_FOCUS_REQUIRED
447	ERROR_KBD_KEYBOARD_BUSY
464	ERROR_KBD_DETACHED
504	ERROR KBD EXTENDED SG

#### **Remarks**

- On an enhanced keyboard, the secondary enter key returns the normal character 0DH and a scan code of E0H.
- Double-byte character codes (DBCS) require two function calls to obtain the entire code.
- If shift report is set with KbdSetStatus, the CharData record returned reflects changed shift information only.
- Extended ASCII codes are identified with the status byte, bit 1 on and the ASCII character code being either 00H or E0H. Both conditions must be satisfied for the character to be an extended keystroke. For extended ASCII codes, the scan code byte returned is the second code (extended code). Usually the extended ASCII code is the scan code of the primary key that was pressed.
- A thread in the foreground session that repeatedly polls the keyboard with KbdCharln (with no wait), can prevent all regular priority class threads from executing. If polling must be used and a minimal amount of other processing is being performed, the thread should periodically yield to the CPU by issuing a DosSleep call for an interval of at least 5 milliseconds.

# **Family API Considerations**

Some options operate differently in the DOS mode than in the OS/2 mode. Therefore, the following restrictions apply to KbdCharln when coding in the DOS mode:

- The CharData structure includes everything except the time stamp.
- Interim character is not supported
- Status can be 0 or 40H
- KbdHandle is ignored.

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